

O PLÁGIO NA ESCRITA CIENTÍFICA

Luciene D Villar

Comitê Interno PIBIC/PIBITI

Ex-Editora Assistente do

Journal of Aerospace Technology and Management



<https://www.migalhas.com.br/depeso/67154/o-consumidor-e-a-rescisao-dos-contratos>

O contrato (implícito) autor-leitor

Definição

Plagiar: [De *plágio* + *ar*².] *V. t. d.* **1.** Assinar ou apresentar como seu (obra artística ou científica de outrem). **2.** Imitar (trabalho alheio).

HOLANDA FERREIRA, Aurélio Buarque de. Plagiar. In: _____ . Novo Dicionário da Língua Portuguesa. Rio de Janeiro: Nova Fronteira. 1986. p. 1343.

Definição

Plágio: “utilização de ideias ou formulações verbais, orais ou escritas, de outrem sem dar-lhe por elas, expressa e claramente, o devido crédito, de modo a gerar razoavelmente a percepção de que sejam ideias ou formulações de autoria própria.”

FAPESP, **Código de Boas Práticas Científicas**, 2014. p. 31.



Por que se preocupar com plágio ?

Plágio e suas consequências

Infração de direitos autorais;

Retratação;

Desconforto.

Tipos de plágio

- ❑ Plágio de ideia;
- ❑ Plágio de texto;
- ❑ Plágio de fonte.

Plágio de ideia

Cenário: revisão de artigo, parecer em proposta de projeto, discussões com colegas.

Difícil de ser detectado.



<http://pt.dreamstime.com/fotografia-de-stock-ideias-roubadas-homem-de-negocios>

“Redescoberta” de ideias: criptomnésia

Plágio de texto



- ❑ Inclui o plágio de figuras, imagens, tabelas e dados;
- ❑ De todos os tipos, o mais comum;
- ❑ Em alguns casos, detectável (*softwares*).

Plágio de texto

❑ Plágio de ideia;

❑ Plágio de texto

Citação direta;

(inapropriada)

Citação indireta

ou paráfrase;

(inapropriada)

Autoplágio.

❑ Plágio de fonte.

Plágio de texto

Citação direta

“Citação direta é a transcrição na íntegra de parte da obra do autor consultado.”

Disponível em <https://normas-abnt.espm.br/index.php?title=Cita%C3%A7%C3%A3o_direta>
Acesso em: 01 de junho de 2021.

Plágio de texto: citação direta

2

1 Introduction

Smokeless powders are a class of propellants that were developed in the late 19th century to replace black powder. The term “smokeless” refers to the minimal residue left in the gun barrel following the use of smokeless powder (Heramb & McCord 2002).

both the granulation and density of the resultant powder (Schaefer 1936).

The process for the manufacture of ball-grain powder which Olsen and his co-workers have devised combines nicely with Olsen's process for the quick stabilization of nitrocellulose to form a sequence of operations by which a finished powder may be produced more rapidly and more safely than by the usual process. It supplies a convenient means of making up a powder which contains non-volatile solvents throughout the mass of the grains or deterrent or accelerant coatings upon their surface (Urbanski 1967).

Citação direta (correta)

According to Heramb & McCord (2002), “Smokeless powders are a class of propellants that were developed in the late 19th century to replace black powder. The term “smokeless” refers to the minimal residue left in the gun barrel following the use of smokeless powder.”

“Smokeless powders are a class of propellants that were developed in the late 19th century to replace black powder. The term “smokeless” refers to the minimal residue left in the gun barrel following the use of smokeless powder.”
(Heramb & McCord, 2002)

Plágio de texto

Citação indireta ou paráfrase

Texto baseado na obra do autor consultado.

Consiste na condensação, tradução ou interpretação livre de partes do texto, mas fiel ao conteúdo e às ideias do autor.

Disponível em < https://normas-abnt.espm.br/index.php?title=Cita%C3%A7%C3%A3o_indireta >
Acesso em: 01 de junho de 2021.

Plágio de texto: citação indireta

*This study examines whether workers of *S. invicta* are able to assist their mothers in colony usurpations. First we tested whether [queens] of *S. invicta* are better able to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved. Second, we tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. Aggressive behavior during these usurpation attempts was observed to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced the aggressive response toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting usurpation.¹*

¹Balas M, Adams ES, 1996. Intraspecific usurpation of incipient fire ant colonies. *Behav Ecol* 8:99-103.

Exemplo extraído de:

Roig, M. **Avoiding plagiarism, self-plagiarism, and other questionable writing practices: A guide to ethical writing.** Disponível em: <<https://ori.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/plagiarism.pdf>>. Acesso em: 07 de junho de 2021.



<http://www.damnbugs.net/images/fire-ant-pest-control-palm-beach-florida-FULL.jpg>

Plágio de texto: citação indireta

Texto original

“This study examines whether workers of *S. invicta* are able to assist their mothers in colony usurpations. First we tested whether [queens] of *S. invicta* are better able to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved. Second, we tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. Aggressive behavior during these usurpation attempts was observed to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced the aggressive response toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting usurpation.”

Texto plagiado

A study was conducted to examine whether workers of *S. invicta* can assist their mothers in colony usurpations. The first hypothesis tested was whether queens of *S. invicta* are better able to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved. For the second hypothesis, the researchers tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. The researchers observed aggressive behavior during these usurpation attempts to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced the aggressive response toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting usurpation.

- Estrutura do texto original mantida;
- Cópia de palavras e expressões;
- Pouca contribuição do autor ao novo texto.

Plágio de texto: citação indireta

Texto original

“This study examines whether workers of *S. invicta* are able to assist their mothers in colony usurpations. First we tested whether [queens] of *S. invicta* are better able to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved. Second, we tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. Aggressive behavior during these usurpation attempts was observed to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced the aggressive response toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting usurpation.”

Texto plagiado

To determine whether workers of *S. invicta* can assist their mothers in colony usurpations, a study was conducted in which the following variables were investigated: First, *S. invicta* queens’ hypothesized ability to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved was examined. The second hypothesis tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. During these usurpation attempts aggressive behavior was observed to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced aggression toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting colony usurpation.

- Estrutura do texto original mantida;
- Cópia de palavras e expressões (menos que no exemplo anterior);
- Alteração da ordem relativa entre palavras.

Plágio de texto: citação indireta

Texto original

“This study examines whether workers of *S. invicta* are able to assist their mothers in colony usurpations. First we tested whether [queens] of *S. invicta* are better able to usurp colonies to which their daughters have moved. Second, we tested whether the effect of daughters on usurpation success is due to familiarity with the queen or to genetic relatedness. Aggressive behavior during these usurpation attempts was observed to determine if the presence of familiar or related workers influenced the aggressive response toward either the resident queen or the queen attempting usurpation.”

Texto parafraseado

Balas and Adams carried out an investigation to determine whether *S. invicta* mothers are helped by their worker offspring during colony take-overs. These authors asked whether colony take-over by *S. invicta* queens is more effective when their daughters first invade the colonies. A second hypothesis concerned the extent to which daughters' familiarity with the queen, or their genetic similarity to her, affects successful colony take-over. During these occupation attempts, aggressive behavior of usurping workers that were either familiar or genetically related was observed to see if these variables mediated aggressive behavior toward the invading or the resident queen.

- Estrutura do texto original mantida;
- Cópia de palavras e expressões (muito pouco);
- Contribuição do autor ao novo texto.

Plágio de texto: *Patchwriting*

I. INTRODUCTION 11

Hyper spectral imaging is observant with the measurement, analysis, and exegesis of spectra acquired from a given scene at a short, medium or long distance by an airborne or satellite sensor. A hyper spectral image is a high-dimensional image set that specifically consists of 100-300 image channels. Each channel has a gray scale image that stipulates the spectral response to a specific frequency in the electromagnetic spectrum. These frequencies normally encompass the visible spectrum of light, but most of the channels are focused in the infrared range. This enables a hyper spectral image to reveal features that are not visible in a standard colour image. Each pixel in the image has a spectral response vector that is the high-dimensional equivalent of the pixel's colour. Certain materials have a characteristic spectral signature that can be used to identify pixels containing that material. In an aerial hyper spectral scene an analyst could identify, location of manmade materials or distinguish healthy vs. dead vegetation. For this reason, there is great interest in developing fast detection methods in hyper spectral imaging for applications such as aerial surveillance, general and agricultural surveys, chemical analysis, and medical imaging. In addition, detection of chemical or biological weapons, damage assessment of underground structures and foliage penetration to detect tanks and vehicles are accomplished only in hyper spectral not for multi spectral image. The advent and growing availability of hyper spectral imagery, which records hundreds of spectral bands, has opened new possibilities in image analysis and classification. Examples of hyper spectral imaging systems are Airborne Visible / Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS), Hyper spectral Digital Imaginary Collection Experiment (HYDICE), Airborne Real-time Cueing hyper spectral Enhanced Reconnaissance (ARCHER), Hyper spectral Mapper (HyMap), and Hyperion. They cover a range of 126–512 spectral channels, with the spatial resolution of 3–30 m per pixel. Thus, every pixel in a hyper spectral image contains values that correspond to the detailed spectrum of reflected light. This bountiful spectral information in every spatial location increases the capability to distinguish different physical materials and objects, leading to the potential of a withal accurate image segmentation and classification.

Plágio de texto



Autoplágio

Duplicação ou
redundância;

Fragmentação;

Reciclagem de texto.

Autoplágio: duplicação



Pequenas alterações (título, resumo, tratamento de dados, etc.).

Quando a duplicação pode ser aceita:

- Publicação anterior em anais de congresso (se houver *copyright*, necessidade de consulta);
- Publicação anterior em outra língua.

Em quaisquer desses casos, leitores (e editores) devem estar cientes da duplicação.

Autoplágio: fragmentação

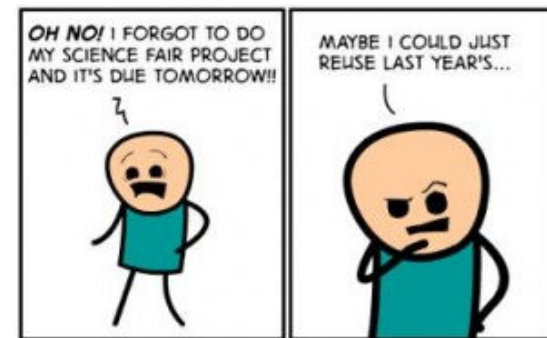


Ocorre quando um trabalho tem seus resultados divididos (com prejuízo da compreensão do todo) para gerar duas ou mais publicações.

Autoplágio: reciclagem de texto

Aproveitamento de parte (ou todo) de textos já publicados, especialmente das sessões de Materiais e Métodos e da Introdução.

Pode causar infração de direitos autorais (texto não é mais do autor, mas da editora).



Autoplágio: reciclagem de texto



“Many authors do not understand the implications of signing the copyright release form. In essence, this transfers ownership of the paper and all of its contents from the author to the publisher. Subsequent papers written by the same author therefore must be careful not to reproduce in anyway material that has previously been published, even if it is written by them. Such copying constitutes self-plagiarism.”

Biros, M. H. (2000). **Advice to Authors: Getting Published in Academic Emergency Medicine**. Retrieved March 6, 2003 from <http://www.saem.org/inform/aempub.htm>. APUD Roig, M. **Avoiding plagiarism, self-plagiarism, and other questionable writing practices: A guide to ethical writing.**

Plágio de fonte

❑ Plágio de ideia;

❑ Plágio de texto

Citação direta;

Citação indireta
ou paráfrase;

Autoplágio.

❑ Plágio de fonte.

Plágio de fonte



- ❑ Citação de fonte secundária ao invés da fonte primária;
- ❑ Citação do texto final vs. texto disponível;
- ❑ Citação sem leitura do texto original (típico de textos de revisão);
- ❑ Citação parcial, mesclada ou não com texto do autor.

Citação de fonte secundária

1.2 Propelente Sólido.

Um propelente sólido é uma mistura complexa e estável de ingredientes oxidantes e redutores que, ao entrarem em ignição, reagem entre si, formando uma grande quantidade de gases de baixa massa molar e altas temperaturas. As principais aplicações de um propelente sólido estão no lançamento de foguetes, mísseis e projéteis de armamentos. Podem também ser aplicados no acionamento de turbinas, na movimentação de pistões, na partida de motores de aeronaves, na ejeção de assentos e como fonte de calor em outras aplicações (KLAGER and DI MILO, 1970).

REZENDE, L. C. Envelhecimento de propelente compósito à base de polibutadieno hidroxilado. 2001. 133f. Tese de doutorado – Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas.

Texto final vs. Texto disponível: *preprint*

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying a preprint page on engrXiv. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://engrxiv.org/j86f7/>. The page header includes the engrXiv logo, the text "engrXiv Preprints", and navigation links for "Submit a Preprint", "Search", "Donate", "Sign Up", and "Sign In". Below the header, the authors "Sabrina Kalenko, Alexander Liberzon" are listed. The main content area is a PDF viewer showing the first page of a document. The title is "Particle-turbulence interaction of high Stokes number irregular shape particles in accelerating flow: a rocket-engine model". The authors are "Sabrina Kalenko^a, Alexander Liberzon^a". The affiliation is "^aTurbulence Structure Laboratory, School of Mechanical Engineering, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv 69978, Israel". The abstract text is: "Metal particles in solid propellants enhance rocket engines performance. An interaction of particles with a high Reynolds number turbulent gas flow accelerating to a nozzle, has not been characterized thoroughly. We study the particle-turbulence interactions in a two-dimensional model of a rocket engine. Two-phase particle image/tracking velocimetry provides the flow velocity simultaneously with the velocities of irregularly shaped inertial particles ($d_p \sim 320\mu\text{m}$, Stokes $St \sim 70$, particle Reynolds number $Re_p \sim 300$). We reveal the local augmentation of turbulent fluctuations in the particle wakes (up to 5 particle". To the right of the PDF viewer, there is a "Download preprint" button, a "plaudit" button with the text "Be the first to endorse this work", and social media icons for Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, and Email. Below these are sections for "Abstract" (repeating the abstract text), "Supplemental Materials" with a link to osf.io/k9y35/, and "Preprint DOI" with the value [10.31224/osf.io/j86f7](https://doi.org/10.31224/osf.io/j86f7). At the bottom of the page, a dark blue banner contains a cookie consent message: "This website relies on cookies to help provide a better user experience. By clicking Accept or continuing to use the site, you agree. For more information, see our [Privacy Policy](#) and information on [cookie use](#)." with an "Accept" button.

Plágio de Introdução/Revisão

Geoeconomic factors are ¹ divided into activity and locational factors. Activity factors count on the economic, cultural, and political characteristics of the population where the service is offered. [The most common determinants, in the literature, are population (Abed et al., 2001; Bafail et al., 2000; Jorge-Calderon, 1997; Sivrikaya and Tunç, 2013; Vedantham and Oppenheimer, 1998) and economic growth, such as ¹ gross domestic product (Cheze et al., 2012; Gillen, 2013; Kincaid and Tretheway, 2013; Vedantham and Oppenheimer, 1998), gross domestic product per capita (Cline et al., 1998; Gillen, 2013; Jorge-Calderon, 1997; Valdes and Ramirez, 2011) and total consumption expenditure (Abed et al., 2001; Bafail et al., 2000).

characteristics of the population where the service is delivered. [The most common determinants] related to the activity in [the literature are population (Abed et al., 2001; Bafail et al., 2000; Jorge-Calderon, 1997; Sivrikaya and Tunç, 2013; Vedantham and Oppenheimer, 1998) and economic growth] in the form of [gross domestic product (Chèze et al., 2012; Gillen, 2013; Kincaid and Tretheway, 2013; Vedantham and Oppenheimer, 1998), gross domestic product per capita (Cline et al., 1998; Gillen, 2013; Jorge-Calderon, 1997; Valdes and Ramirez, 2011) and total consumption expenditure (Abed et al., 2001 and Bafail et al., 2000)] The most common locational factor is

Citação parcial

O motor-foguete é impulsionado pela alta pressurização decorrente da geração de gases na reação de combustão, sendo a variação de temperatura dessa reação entre 1000 e 3500 K. Como combustível utiliza-se o propelente, podendo ser encontrado na forma líquida ou sólida, variando conforme a tecnologia empregada no motor-foguete. [1]

Na propulsão sólida, a matriz elastomérica ou *binder* promove uma maior proteção mecânica e térmica resultante de diversas situações impostas ao grão-propelente que foi aglomerado por essa matriz.

Citação parcial

Davenas [1], ao descrever o funcionamento de um motor-foguete, afirma que o impulso desses motores é dado pela alta pressurização decorrente da geração de gases na reação de combustão, sendo a variação de temperatura dessa reação entre 1000 e 3500 K. Nesses motores, **ainda segundo o autor**, o combustível utilizado, denominado propelente, pode ser encontrado na forma líquida ou sólida, conforme a tecnologia empregada no motor-foguete.

Em seu trabalho, o autor citado também descreve a função da matriz elastomérica ou *binder* na propulsão sólida, a qual consiste em promover uma maior proteção mecânica e térmica resultante de diversas situações impostas ao grão-propelente que foi aglomerado por essa matriz.

Como não plagiar?

- ❑ Desenvolver a habilidade da escrita a partir de fontes;
- ❑ Buscar modelos;
- ❑ Praticar.

Muito obrigada !

Idiasvillar@gmail.com